



## 50 HP Tesla Disc Pump vs Discflo Interpolation Performance Envelopes

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### 50 HP Tesla Disc Pump vs Discflo Interpolation Performance Envelopes

Below are modeled expected field curves for a 50 HP-class module for (1) a Tesla-style disc pump (wide-gap, mining-water tolerant) and (2) a Discflo-type Discpac pump (engineered disc spacing/count; optional ribbed High Head discs). Discflo documents that Discpac diameters (8–20 inch), disc count (2–20), and spacing are configurable, and mentions smooth vs ribbed High Head discs to tune head/flow/efficiency. [[Discflo][1]]  
 These curves are not manufacturer pump curves; they are quantitative, internally consistent performance envelopes constrained by 50 HP power limits and typical disc-pump soft curve behavior (head decays with flow). Use them for first-order system sizing and to compare curve shape between architectures.

**Modeling basis**

- Fluids**  
 Fluid A: Wash-plant water  
 • Viscosity: 1.2 cP  
 • Specific gravity (SG): 1.03  
 Fluid B: Dirty water slurry  
 • Viscosity: 5 cP  
 • SG: 1.15

**50 HP module assumptions**

- Driver: 50 HP with VFD
- Intended duty: high flow, low-to-moderate head (typical mining wash plant supply)
- Overall efficiency used for feasibility checks:
  - Tesla-style (wide gap): ~35 to 45 percent (typical mining-tolerant build)
  - Discflo-type (engineered Discpac): ~40 to 55 percent depending on configuration and fluid (consistent with Discflo’s positioning around optimized Discpac geometry and High Head disc options).

[[Discflo][1]]

**Curve form**

- Head modeled as a smooth, disc-pump-like decline with flow:
- Head =  $H_0 \times (1 - (Q/Q_{max})^2)$

**A) Tesla-style 50 HP module curves**

A1) Wash-plant water (SG 1.03, 1.2 cP)

Assumed: Qmax ~ 3,800 gpm, shutoff head ~ 53 ft

Flow (gpm) | Flow (m3/h) | Head (ft) | Head (m) | ΔP (psi) | ΔP (bar)

- 0 | 0.0 | 53.0 | 16.2 | 23.6 | 1.63
- 950 | 215.8 | 49.7 | 15.1 | 22.2 | 1.53
- 1,900 | 431.5 | 39.8 | 12.1 | 17.7 | 1.22
- 2,850 | 647.3 | 23.2 | 7.1 | 10.3 | 0.71
- 3,420 | 776.8 | 10.1 | 3.1 | 4.5 | 0.31
- 3,800 | 863.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00

Interpretation (wash water): Expect best operating usefulness around 2,000 to 3,200 gpm at roughly 10 to 35 ft of head (about 4 to 16 psi at SG 1.03), depending on how restrictive the plant plumbing is.

A2) Dirty water slurry (SG 1.15, 5 cP)

Assumed: Qmax ~ 3,600 gpm, shutoff head ~ 50 ft (slightly reduced flow/head due to slip and solids losses)

Flow (gpm) | Flow (m3/h) | Head (ft) | Head (m) | ΔP (psi) | ΔP (bar)

- 0 | 0.0 | 50.0 | 15.2 | 21.3 | 1.50
- 900 | 207.0 | 46.5 | 13.6 | 20.0 | 1.40
- 1,800 | 414.0 | 33.0 | 10.1 | 14.7 | 1.05
- 2,700 | 621.0 | 16.5 | 5.0 | 7.3 | 0.52
- 3,600 | 828.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00

Interpretation (dirty water slurry): Expect best operating usefulness around 1,800 to 3,000 gpm at roughly 10 to 30 ft of head (about 4 to 16 psi at SG 1.15), depending on how restrictive the plant plumbing is.

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